LISTING OF CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (Original) A sulfate process for producing titania from a titaniferous material which includes the steps of:
- (a) leaching the solid titaniferous material with a leach solution containing sulfuric acid and forming a leach liquor that includes an acidic solution of titanyl sulfate (TiOSO₄) and iron sulfate (FeSO₄);
- (b) separating the leach liquor and a residual solid phase from the leach step (a);
 - (c) separating titanyl sulfate from the leach liquor from step (b);
- (d) hydrolysing the separated titanyl sulfate and forming a selected particle size distribution of hydrated titanium oxides from titanyl sulfate;
- (e) separating the solid phase containing hydrated titanium oxides and a liquid phase that are produced in the hydrolysis step (d); and
 - (f) calcining the solid phase from step (e) and forming titania.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 1 includes <u>further</u> <u>comprising</u> controlling the hydrolysis step (d) to produce a selected particle size distribution of the hydrated titanium oxides product.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 1 includes <u>further</u> <u>comprising</u> controlling the hydrolysis step (d) to produce coarse hydrated titanium oxides, i.e. oxides having a particle size of at least 0.005-0.01mm (i.e. 5-10 micron).
- 4. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 1 includes <u>further</u> <u>comprising</u> controlling the hydrolysis step (d) to produce fine hydrated titanium oxides, i.e. oxides having a particle size of less than 0.0003 mm (i.e. 0.3 micron).

- 5. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of the preceding claims includes claim 1 further comprising a further leach step of leaching the residual solid phase from step (b) with a leach solution containing sulfuric acid and forming a leach liquor that includes an acidic solution of titanyl sulfate and iron sulfate and a residual solid phase.
- 6. (Original) The process defined in claim 5 wherein the further leach step includes separating the leach liquor and the residual solid phase.
- 7. (Original) The process defined in claim 5 wherein the further leach step includes supplying the separated leach liquor to the leach step (a) and/or mixing the separated leach liquor with the leach liquor from step (b).
- 8. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of claims claim 5 to 7 includes further comprising carrying out the leach step (a) and the further leach step in the same vessel.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 8 includes further comprising returning the residual solid phase from step (b) to the vessel, wherein the residual solid phase forms part of the titaniferous material subjected to leaching in the leach step (a).
- 10. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of claims claim 5 to 7 includes further comprising carrying out the leach step (a) and the further leach step in a separate vessel or vessels.
- 11. (Original) The process defined in claim 10 wherein the further leach step includes supplying the residual solid phase from step (b) to the vessel or vessels.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of the preceding claims claim 1 wherein the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step includes

selecting and/or controlling the leach conditions in the leach step or steps to avoid undesirable amounts of premature hydrolysis of hydrated titanium oxides and undesirable amounts of premature precipitation of titanyl sulfate.

- 13. (Original) The process defined in claim 12 wherein the leach conditions include any one or more than one of acid concentration, leach temperature and leach time.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 12 <u>further comprising</u> or claim 13 includes selecting and/or controlling the acid concentration to be at least 350 g/l sulfuric acid throughout the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step when operating at a leach temperature in the range of 95°C to the boiling point in order to avoid premature hydrolysis.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of claims claim 12 to 14 includes further comprising selecting and/or controlling the acid concentration at the end of the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step to be less than 450 g/l when operating at a leach temperature in the range of 95°C to the boiling point in order to avoid an undesirable amount of premature precipitation of titanyl sulfate.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of claims claim 12 to 15 includes further comprising selecting and/or controlling the leach conditions so that the titanium ion concentration in the leach liquor is less than 50 g/l in the leach liquor at the end of the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 16 includes <u>further</u> <u>comprising</u> selecting and/or controlling the leach conditions so that the titanium ion concentration in the leach liquor is 40-50 g/l in the leach liquor at the end of the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step.

- 18. (Currently Amended) The process defined in <u>claim 1 further comprising</u> any one of the preceding claims includes carrying out the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step in the presence of an additive that accelerates the rate of leaching the titaniferous material.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 18 wherein the leaching accelerant is selected from a group that includes iron, a titanium (III) salt, a thiosulfate salt, sulfur dioxide or any other reduced sulfur containing species.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of the preceding claims includes claim 1 further comprising carrying out the leach step (a) and/or the further leach step in the presence of a reductant that reduces ferric ions to ferrous ions in the acidic solution or solutions of titanyl sulfate and iron sulfate produced in the leach step (a).
- 21. (Original) The process defined in claim 20 wherein the reductant is selected from a group that includes iron, a titanium (III) salt, a thiosulfate salt, sulfur dioxide or any other reduced sulfur containing species.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of the preceding claims includes claim 1 further comprising the steps of precipitating iron sulfate from the leach liquor from step (b) and separating precipitated iron sulfate from the leach liquor prior to the titanyl sulfate separation step (c).
- 23. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of the preceding elaims includes claim 1 further comprising using at least part of the leach liquor remaining after separation of titanyl sulfate in step (c) as at least part of the leach solution in the leach step (a) and/or in the further leach step.
- 24. (Original) The process defined in claim 23 wherein the titanyl sulfate separation step (c) includes a solvent extraction step of extracting titanyl sulfate from

the leach liquor from step (b) into a solvent and thereafter stripping titanyl sulfate from the solvent and forming a solution that contains titanyl sulfate and thereafter hydrolysing the titanyl sulfate-containing solution in the hydrolysis step (c).

- 25. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 24 includes <u>further</u> <u>comprising</u> using at least part of a raffinate from the solvent extraction step as at least part of the leach solution in leach step (a) and/or in the further leach step.
- 26. (Original) The process defined in claim 25 wherein the leach solution in the leach step (a) and the further leach step includes the raffinate and make-up fresh sulfuric acid.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The process defined in claim 25 or claim 26 wherein the raffinate from the solvent extraction step has an acid concentration of at least 250 g/l sulfuric acid.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The process defined in any one of claims claim 24 to 27 wherein the solvent extraction step includes contacting the leach liquor with the solvent and a modifier.
- 29. (Original) Hydrated titanium oxides that have been produced by (a) leaching a titaniferous material (such as ilmenite) with sulfuric acid and forming a leach liquor that includes an acidic solution of titanyl sulfate and iron sulfate and thereafter (b) separating titanyl sulfate from the leach liquor and thereafter (c) hydrolysing titanyl sulfate and are characterised in that the hydrated titanium oxides include coarse particles of at least 0.005 mm (5 micron).